CPSC 210

Sample Midterm 1 Exam Questions

Note: the questions in this document do not constitute an actual midterm exam - there are more questions presented here than will appear on a single exam. However, many of the questions are taken from actual midterm exams and are therefore representative of the kinds of questions that could be asked.

Please keep in mind that this set of questions does not exhaust all the possibilities and therefore should not be used as your primary source of study material.

You should also expect to see questions that cover similar concepts but in a different way, perhaps using multiple choice or short answer format. Some questions assume you will make use of a computer and others not. In this question set, Q's 4, 7, 9 & 14 should be done without the use of a computer. Remember that you will not be using a computer in the midterm itself. You will be examining code that we have printed out for you, not using the IDE.

You will need to check out the following systems from the lectures repository:

JDrawing

PaymentSystem

SimGame

KafeCompany

EmailManager

IMPORTANT: Questions 1 to 3 apply to the JDrawing system provided in the specified repository.

Question 1. Type Hierarchy

Draw a type hierarchy that includes all subtypes of AbstractSymbol declared in the com.marinilli.draw package. Do not include any class(es) or interface(s) declared in the Java library.

Question 2. Inter-method Control Flow (Call Graph)

Draw a call graph starting from the processMouseEvent (MouseEvent me) method defined in the AbstractLine class of the com.marinilli.draw package. Do not include calls to methods in any Java library. If you abbreviate any names, please provide a legend. You might want to rotate the page and draw your graph in landscape mode.

Question 3. Intra-method Control Flow (Flowchart)

Draw a flowchart for the redraw() method defined in the AbstractLine class of the com.marinilli.draw package.

Question 4. Unit Testing

Consider the following specification for methods of the Entity class.

```
public class Entity {
   /**
    * Create a new Entity
    * EFFECTS: this.isForegroundColour is set to false
   public Entity() {...}
   /**
    * Sets colour of entity.
    * REQUIRES: colourString is one of "red", "green" or "blue"
    * MODIFIES: this
    * EFFECTS: if this.isForegroundColour is true, sets foreground
               colour of this entity to colour specified by
               colourString; otherwise sets background colour of
               entity.
   public void setColour(String colourString) {...}
    * Sets a flag to indicate whether or not foreground colour
    * should be processed
    * MODIFIES: this
    * EFFECTS: this.isForegroundColour is set to isForeground
   public void setIsForegroundColour(boolean isForeground) {...}
   /**
    * Get the current foreground colour of the Entity
    * EFFECTS: returns the foreground colour of the Entity
    * /
   public String getForegroundColour() {...}
   /**
    * Get the current background colour of the Entity
    * EFFECTS: returns the background colour of the Entity
   public String getBackgroundColour() {...}
}
```

Provide the input and output for all test cases needed to thoroughly test the setColour method according to its specification. For each test case, you can assume a new Entity object, referred to through a variable named anEntity, is created at the start of the test case in a method annotated with @Before.

IMPORTANT: Questions 5 through 8 apply to the PaymentSystem

Question 5. Type Hierarchy

Draw the type hierarchy for all types declared in the ca.ubc.cpsc210.payment.model package. Use directional arrows to relate subtypes to supertypes in the drawing (i.e., lines between types should have an arrowhead only at one end; lines should go from the subtype to the supertype with the arrowhead at the supertype).

Question 6. Call Graph

Draw a call graph starting from the <code>generateCreditCardPayments</code> (AuditTrail auditTrail) function defined in the Main class (Main.java). Stop following method calls for any method defined in a class outside of <code>ca.ubc.cpsc210.payment.model</code>. You might want to sketch the call graph on a scrap piece of paper before placing it on this sheet. You can also rotate the paper and write in lansdscape mode for more space. If you abbreviate any names, please provide a legend.

Question 7. Types.

Consider the following code:

- (1) Payment p;
 (2) p = new DebitCard(3, 4);
 (3) InternetPayment i = new PalPay();
- i) What is the actual type of the variable p at the statement numbered (2) after the statement executes?
- ii) What is the apparent type of the variable p at the statement numbered (2) after the statement executes?
- iii) What is the apparent type of the variable i at the statement numbered (3) after the statement executes?
- iv) What is the actual type of the variable i at the statement numbered (3) after the statement executes?

Question 8. Debugging.

If you run the Main class as a Java application, the output will include the following:

```
Payment[ num=15, type=PalPay, amt=0.724302501394058, txNum=15]
Payment[ num=16, type=PalPay, amt=1.2554252514453499, txNum=16]
Payment[ num=-83, type=Cash, amt=0.0]
Payment[ num=-82, type=Cash, amt=0.3682269387159234]
```

Note that the last two lines of this output have a negative payment number, which is illegal according to the specification of the PaymentRecord data abstraction. Generate two hypotheses about what might be causing this error.

(Extra credit.) What is actually causing the error in the output shown above?

Question 9. Specification

Suppose you are designing a new data type to represent a fare box on a bus. The fare box accepts prepaid tickets and cash (in the form of coins only). When a ticket is inserted into the machine, the value of the ticket is read and that amount is added to the total fare collected. The amount of the fare is deducted from the ticket. When coins are inserted, their value is added to the total fare collected. Write the specification for the payByTicket and payByCash methods:

Question 10. Data Abstraction:

The SimGame project contains the partial specification and implementation for a SimPet class, along with associated unit tests. A SimPet object represents a pet in a simulated world. Each pet has a location in the two-dimensional world and an energy level. A pet can be pointing in one of only four directions: North, South, East or West. We assume that the pet's location is specified using integer coordinates. In this question, we do not concern ourselves with the size of the world – so we don't worry about pets walking off the edge.

We want to be able to feed the pet and specify the number of units of energy it eats, assumed to be an integer value. We also want to be able to move the pet one unit in whatever direction it is currently pointing. *Each time the pet moves, it consumes one unit of energy*. We also want to be able to rotate the pet left or right by 90 degrees so that it can move in different directions. When a pet rotates, it does not consume any energy. If the pet's energy level drops to zero, it dies.

In this question, you can write your code in IntelliJ but you **must** copy it on to this exam paper **before** the end of the exam – there is no electronic submission! Note that it is not necessary to copy the comment statements.

- a) Write the implementation of the SimPet constructor. Run the JUnit tests provided in ca.ubc.cpsc210.simgame.test.TestSimPet and ensure that testConstructor passes.
- **b)** Write the implementation of the SimPet.move method. Run the JUnit tests provided and ensure that they all pass.
- c) Now suppose we want to add a method that will give a pet its shots. Write the specification for a method SimPet.giveShots and include a stub for this method. Assume that a pet can be given its shots only if it has an energy level of at least 5 and hasn't already had its shots. Note that a pet does not consume any energy when it is given its shots. Write your specification in such a way that there is no *requires* clause.
- d) In this part of the question, we ask you to demonstrate how to *use* a data abstraction. Write code that will create a new SimPet object located at the origin with 10 units of energy. Your code must then rotate the SimPet so that it is pointing west and move it forward 5 steps. Finally, declare a variable of an appropriate type and assign to it the amount of energy that your pet has remaining after rotating and moving.

Note: Questions 11 & 12 refer to the KafeCompany project checked out of the repository.

Question 11. Data Abstraction:

The ca.ubc.cs.cpsc210.kafe.CoffeeCard class in the KafeCompany project contains a partial specification for a data type that represents a loyalty card for the Kafe company. A coffee card can be loaded with credits that can be used to purchase drinks at Kafe stores. Every time a drink is purchased, a bean is added to the card. For every 9 beans earned, a free drink is added to the card. To be purchased, some drinks require more credits than others. However, only one bean is earned per drink purchase, regardless of the number of credits required to purchase the drink.

Study the provided code for the CoffeeCard class carefully before continuing.

a) Suppose the topUp method has the following implementation rather than the one provided in the CoffeeCard class checked out of the repository.

```
public void topUp(int numCredits) {
    if (numCredits > 0)
        credits += numCredits;
}
```

Write the specification for the version shown above.

b) Design jUnit tests for the CoffeeCard.useFreeDrink method — be sure to study the specification for this method carefully. Don't worry if your Java syntax isn't perfect but note that it may help you to examine the tests provided in the CoffeeCardTests class. You must assume that the method CoffeeCardTests.runBefore runs before each of your tests. If you are unsure about your syntax, include comments to explain what you are trying to do. Note that there's more space for your answer to this question on the following page. You may use IntelliJ to develop your solution but you must make a copy of your work onto the exam paper before the end of the exam.

Question 12. Data Abstraction

Write an implementation for the CoffeeCard.purchaseDrink method. Note that some tests are provided for you in the CoffeeCardTests class but do not assume that these tests will catch every possible bug in your code. You may use IntelliJ to develop your solution but you must make a copy of your work onto the exam paper *before the end of the exam*. It is not necessary to copy the provided documentation/comments.

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Note: Questions 13 refers to the EMailManager project checked out of the repository.

Question 13: Debugging

The class ca.ubc.cs.cpsc210.tests.ContactTests contains three unit tests for the Contact class in the ca.ubc.cs.cpsc210.addressbook package. Run these tests and notice that all of them fail. Note that each test identifies a single software bug in the code. For each test:

- write the name of the test
- indicate how would fix the software bug identified by that test by writing a correct implementation of the method that contains the bug. Note that it is not necessary to copy the method's documentation (comment statements).

Note that the problem might be with the test rather than the method it is testing. In this case, you should re-write the test. You may use IntelliJ to develop your solution but you must make a copy of your work onto the exam paper before the end of the exam.